

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES
ENDORSE PROHIBITIONCharities Conference in Final
Session Takes Stand on
Temperance Question.

Encouragement of national prohibition was voiced by speakers at the closing session of the national conference of Catholic charities today in the Catholic University of America.

In urging the co-operation of social and civic activities in promoting temperance, the Rev. J. J. Curran, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., declared that the habit of strong drink among the working class is "the most fruitful source of degeneracy, of poverty in the home, and of crime in the nation."

In discussing "Wages and Morality," the Rev. John B. Gorman, diocesan commissioner of charities, of Brooklyn, said that "those who lure the girl away are not from the tenement district, but are more prosperous and steeped greater in immorality."

Blames Love of Dress. "In exceptional cases," he said, "lack of employment has been the occasion of the first false step, but the love of pleasure and the desire for dress, rather than low wages, has been responsible for most of the evil."

In the general concluding session, at which all branches of the conference participated, the choice of officers of the committee on organization was ratified. The officers and committee members elected follow:

Honorary president, Cardinal Gibbons; president, the Rt. Rev. Thomas J. Leahy, D. D., of the Catholic University; vice presidents, the Rev. Francis J. O'Hara, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. F. O'Toole, of St. Paul, Minn.; James F. Kennedy, of Chicago, Ill.; James McMurphy, of Boston, Mass.; J. McGowan, of Indianapolis, Ind.; Mrs. Howard Mandel, of New York; treasurer, William H. Delacy, of Washington; secretary, the Rev. Dr. William Kerby, of the Catholic University; assistant secretaries, J. Foley Hisky, of Baltimore; B. A. Seymour, of Detroit; Miss Mrs. Thomas L. Burns, of Chicago.

New Executive Committee.

Executive Committee—The president and the secretary and Edmund J. Butler, of New York; Mrs. Thomas A. Beattie, of Wheeling, W. Va.; Miss Catherine R. Williams, of Milwaukee; the Rev. John J. Butler, of St. Louis; John A. Doyle, of Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. T. J. Meder, of Chicago; the Rev. J. Scanlan, of Pittsburgh; the Rev. Henry R. of Jacksonville, Fla.; W. E. Walsh, of Cumberland, Md.; the Rev. J. O'Hara, of Portland, Ore.; M. F. Mooney, of Cleveland, Ohio; Charles O'Donovan, of Baltimore, Md.; Jack J. Spindler, of Atlanta, Ga.; the Rev. Thos. Devlin, of Pittsburgh; Francis X. Wast, of Philadelphia, Pa.

Committee on families—Chairman,

Mrs. J. M. Molloy, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; vice chairman, M. D. Imhoff, of Milwaukee, Wis.; Mrs. Margaret Long, of Chicago; Mrs. J. J. Moore, of Minneapolis, Minn.; the Rev. Thomas J. Neelan, of Augusta, Me.; Mrs. Henry Simpson, of Forest Glen, Md.; Mrs. Miriam Brisoli, of Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. L. J. McCalla, of Boise, Idaho; Mrs. Thomas Ryan, of Seattle, Wash.; Anthony, of Cleveland, Ohio; Florence Sullivan, of Newport, R. I.; the Rev. Hugh Monaghan, of Baltimore; the Rev. J. J. Doyle, of St. Paul, Minn.; the Rev. J. J. Doyle, of St. Paul, Minn.; the Rev. J. J. Doyle, of St. Paul, Minn.

Committee on children—Chairman,

Mrs. M. H. Ford, Bridgeport, Conn.; the chairman, the Rev. S. A. Ludlow, of New York City; Dr. Thomas J. Carrigan, of Washington; Mrs. J. Leo Kelly, of Washington; the Rev. Thomas J. Moran, of Arlington, N. J.; Mrs. Margaret B. Wise, of Columbia, Pa.; Mrs. Mary Amberg, of Chicago; Mrs. M. E. O'Leary, of Pittsburgh; the Rev. T. J. Lynch, of New York; the Rev. J. J. Doyle, of St. Paul, Minn.; the Rev. J. J. Doyle, of St. Paul, Minn.; the Rev. J. J. Doyle, of St. Paul, Minn.

Committee on Social and Civic Activities—Chairman, the Rev. Frederick

Steenburg, of Chicago, Ill.; vice chairman, Miss Mary A. Allen, of New York; Mrs. E. M. Finigan, of Lyons, N. Y.; David A. McNamee, of Princeton, N. J.; the Rev. John O'Leary, of Washington; Mrs. E. T. Adams, of Madison, Wis.; the Rev. Francis Gavril, of Indianapolis; Miss August Kelly, of Cleveland, Ohio; the Rev. J. Elliott Ross, of Austin, Tex.; the Rev. James Bonahoe, of St. Paul, Minn.; Mrs. J. Hackett, of Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss Beatrice Canepa, of Richmond, Va.; Miss Teresa, of St. Paul, Minn.; New York City; Dr. Thomas Haggerty, of Columbus, Ohio.

Committee on sick and defective—

Chairman, Dr. C. A. Wingerter, of Wheeling, W. Va.; vice chairman, Miss M. Josephine Blake, of Brooklyn, Mass.; Miss Della Brew, of Nashville, Tenn.; Miss Mary Mason, of Cumberland, Md.; Mrs. John Honey, of Pittsburgh; the Rev. John Neale, of Meriden, Conn.; Dr. Helen Nolan, of Toledo, Ohio; the Rev. J. J. Stapleton, of Detroit; Miss John M. Nolan, of Paterson, N. J.; Miss Mary M. Stratton, of McKeesport, Pa.; Miss Helen B. Green, of Philadelphia, Pa.; the Rev. Peter O'Callaghan, of Chicago; Mrs. Mary O'Malley, of Washington; Mrs. Bernard Ward, of Benwood, W. Va.; Miss Josephine McMahon, of New York.

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Lever to Vice.

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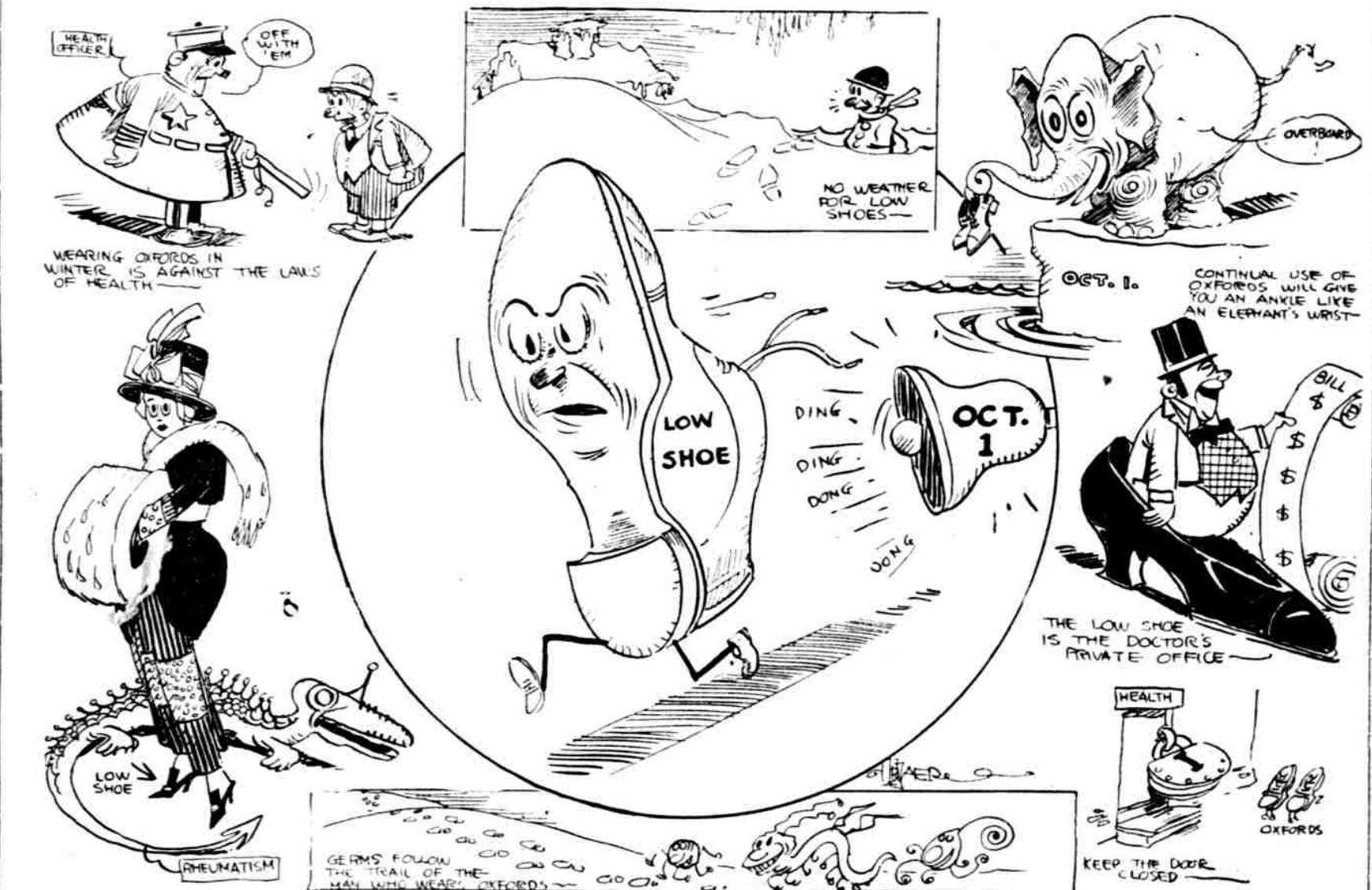
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October First Skidoo Day for Oxfords;
Doctors Join Fashion in Signing Edict

A new red-letter day will welcome the month of October. It is October 1, hereafter to be officially known as "Skidoo Day for Oxfords." Preservation of health, better comfort and style are the three cardinal reasons for the new edict against the low-cut shoe.

Shoe merchants, physicians, and those who desire to dress smartly and properly are a unit in favoring the banishment of the oxford on October 1 and putting on the high shoe. The "skidoo" idea will last through October 3.

The first-named company of men, dealers in shoes, are not selfish in joining in the edict against low shoes after October 1. They are supported in their claims against the oxford by physicians, who certainly will not gain by the movement.

Reputable physicians have for years declared that exposing the ankles in cool weather is responsible for many ailments. The nerves leading from the ankle are far more sensitive than the average person supposes. Severe colds, rheumatism, and even pneumonia, sometimes result from wearing low cuts too late in the season.

Aside from this very good reason for banishing the oxford, there is the matter of harmony in your clothes. A fall hat, a fall suit or dress are poorly set off by a pair of low shoes, so fashion experts declare. But most persons will change for reasons of comfort, as nothing feels more uncomfortable than a chilly wind playing upon unprotected ankles.

Banish the low cut October 1.

man," he said, "would be more acceptable in the sight of God and man than charity." He discouraged the use of strong drink and in urging the co-operation of all Catholic societies in an effort to attain national prohibition, he declared "the liquor traffic, root and branch, should for commercial beverage be abolished by legislation."

The housing problem in cities, which in many cases was responsible for a lack of privacy, was declared by the Rev. John B. Gorman, of Brooklyn, to produce much evil by that unemployment and part time of workmen was the opening wedge to religious neglect by reason of the fact that absence of wages prevented many from properly clothing themselves for services and made impossible contributions to the support of religious institutions.

Explained State Law.

David F. Tilley, of Boston, a member of the State board of charities, explained the Massachusetts laws relating to mothers' pensions, and Miss Katherine M. Dinan, of New York, told of the efforts of the association for improving the condition of the poor in supporting dependent mothers by private relief agencies.

Others who participated in the sessions today were Edwin Mulready, of Boston; the Rev. John O'Grady, of Omaha; Neils Dr. Andrew Dwyer, of Chicago; John P. Ready, of Chicago; Miss Augusta Grace, of Pittsburgh; and Jack Spindler, of Atlanta, Ga. Presiding over the committee sessions were Mrs. Thomas J. Burns, of Chicago, and Mrs. Helen M. Nolan, of Toledo, Ohio.

The housing session, held in the large assembly room of McMahon Hall, was in charge of David F. Tilley, of Boston.

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DIPLOMAT OFFENDS
U. S. BY INTERVIEWGerman Embassy to Be Called
on to Explain, Is Belief in
Official Circles.

Although White House and State Department officials decline to make any comments, it is believed that the German embassy here will be called upon for an explanation of an interview with Baron Wilhelm Freiherr von Schoen, published this morning, which describes the Japanese as regarding a war between the United States and Japan as a foregone conclusion.

Baron von Schoen is now an attaché at the embassy here, having been transferred from Tokyo at the outbreak of the war between Germany and Japan. The fact that he is now accredited to the embassy here makes the offense all the graver in the eyes of the Government.

Confirms Interview.

Baron von Schoen this morning confirmed the interview in detail to a Times reporter. He would make no further comments, however.

Coming from the capital of the Japanese government, the attaché was quoted as saying:

"You may safely say that the mass of the Japanese people believe that war with the United States is inevitable. Throughout Japan there is an intense hatred of the American people."

The incident simply adds more fuel to the ill-feeling which is believed to have existed among officials here on account of the apparent efforts on the part of certain foreign diplomats to stir up sentiment in this country regarding the world war.

A. Rustem Bey, the Turkish ambassador, was the first to incur the displeasure of President Wilson by his references to probable trouble between this country and Japan. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, has asked estimates for drilling work in his opinion of other members of the Diplomatic Corps, as well as certain officials of the Government, gone rather beyond the bounds of propriety at times in fanning public sentiment in this country.

Britain Also Offends.

President Wilson also is known to have been greatly displeased over the recent interview with Sir Lionel Corden, former British minister to Mexico, in criticism of the President's action in ordering the withdrawal of the American forces from Vera Cruz.

Several days ago the British foreign office in response to expressions of pleasure conveyed through Sir Arthur Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador here, called for copies of the interview as published, the inference being drawn that when Sir Lionel reaches London he will be placed on the carpet and made to explain Ambassador Bernstorff has already disavowed, in the name of his government, all responsibility for the interview.

Germany Trying to Stir

Enmity, Says Japanese

United States from Count von Bern-

torff down are using sinister methods to stir up bad feeling between this country and Japan," declared Yoseke Matsuoka, secretary of the Japanese embassy today, commenting on the statements attributed to Baron von Schoen to the effect that the Japanese people hated America. Baron von Schoen has just arrived from Tokyo, where he was secretary of the German embassy.

"The Japanese are a peace-loving people," they are level-headed and have trained their feelings in this crisis. This accounts for the statements of Baron von Schoen that the Japanese are treating Germany in Japan with all the courtesy and respect with which other foreigners are being treated. That is more than can be said of Germany's treatment of Japanese residents.

You remember what occurred when Japan declared war on Germany. Every Japanese in that country was thrown into prison. Now we are told they were imprisoned for their own safety. Such was not the case in Japan. There are mobs in Tokyo, just the same as there are mobs in Paris, London, and other large cities, but the mobs in Tokyo have restrained themselves since war was declared, and we have yet to read that a German has been mistreated in Japan. Certainly we are friendly to the Germans. We are living up to principles.

Baron von Schoen's statements that the Japanese are hostile to America are as true as other stories circulated by the German representatives to stir up bad feeling. If the Japanese people are making no hostile demonstrations against the German residents of Japan, when the German government and Japan are at war, how absurd is the declaration that they are hostile to a people with whom they would maintain the highest standard of friendship. Why do not the German diplomats make the question at issue between Germany and Japan the subject of their comment and refrain from attempting to drag in neutral nations?

Revolver Stolen.

Samuel Perskin, 38 N street southeast, reported to police of the Fifth precinct that his home was entered yesterday afternoon during the absence of members of the family. A revolver, \$2 in cash and several other articles were stolen.

Drug Store Is Robbed.

Report was made to the police of the Ninth precinct today by F. F. Harris, 1239 L street northwest, that his drug store at Forty-fifth street and Shattuck road northeast, was broken into yesterday and articles value at \$15 stolen.

W. B. Moses & Sons.

F and 11th Sts.

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Meets Your Needs and Saves You Money

Sale of Guaranteed Rugs
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Lace Curtains

This \$27
Mahogany
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This \$28
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These may also be had in golden oak, bird's-eye maple, and tuna mahogany.

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GOOD LAYER
FELT MATTRESS

GUARANTEED
NATIONAL
SPRING

This \$25 Brass Bed \$12
Continuous post beds, in
satin or bright finish.

All Metal \$2.85

Solid Golden Oak Genuine Leather Seat Dinners \$3.25

TIME FOR PEACE NOT
HERE, SAYS LODGE

Massachusetts Senator, Back
From Europe, Urges Strict
Neutrality.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—"Any ideas of early peace in Europe which would leave conditions the same as they were in July before the outbreak of the war should be dismissed immediately," declared Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, who returned here today aboard the White Star liner Olympic.

I am chiefly interested in having the United States maintain a strict neutrality," said the Senator. "The time may come when our good offices may be used effectively for the restoration of peace, but that time is not yet here."

The Olympic carried 2,832 passengers, including the greatest number of notable arrivals on a single liner in the world. They included Daniel G. Reid, George F. Baker, Clarence H. Mackay, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Nicholas F. Brady, and Henry Phillips, retired steel magnate.

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Woodward & Lothrop

New York—WASHINGTON—Paris

BRASS BEDS AND
FELT MATTRESSES

At Low September Sale Prices.

The real worth and merit of these High-grade Brass Beds and Fine Felt Mattresses will not only appear to the casual observer, but to those who buy them they will demonstrate their genuine worth and dependable quality by long and satisfactory service.

We commend the sale and its extraordinary savings to everyone who has any needs of this kind, believing that when quality is made the basis of consideration the prices will be found the very lowest.

BRASS BEDS

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